

Overview of asset-backed pension systems

Coverage of the OECD Global Pension Statistics exercise

The compilation of metadata relating to pension statistics is an essential part of the Global Pension Statistics project. Metadata allow for a better knowledge and understanding of the coverage of the OECD Global Pension Statistics (GPS) database, its completeness and limits.

This file describes the different types of asset-backed pension plans in each country. It provides the statistical data coverage of the GPS exercise and a detailed description of the various asset-backed pension plans by country. Information in this file is collected from national sources, which are usually Pension Authorities, National Statistical Offices, Central Banks and/or Ministries of Finance. Information in this document refers to December 2022 or to the latest year available.

This file reports the financing vehicle and the type of each plan under "Type of fund" and "Type of plan" respectively, following the OECD taxonomy. For more information on the OECD classification and taxonomy, see the OECD *Private Pensions: OECD Classification and Glossary*, available at www.oecd.org/dataoecd/0/49/38356329.pdf.

This file also compiles standardised information on some of the main features of pension plans, such as:

- whether the access to the plan can be linked to employment or professional activity (Yes/No);
- whether the employer can or has to contribute (Yes/No);
- whether the employer provides access to the (default) plan (Yes/No);
- whether the employer / social partners establish the plan (Yes/No);
- the benefit calculation: by reference to a formula based on the number of years of service and the salary, or by reference to the contributions paid and return achieved with those contributions;
- the type of guarantee: benefit level, annuity purchase price, capital guarantee, fixed return, absolute minimum return, relative minimum return, none (there can be a combination of several types of guarantee);
- the sharing of some risks (e.g. investment risk, interest rate risk, longevity risk) between: plan sponsor, and/or active members, and/or deferred members, and/or pensioners -- there may however be no risk sharing at all;
- the guarantor: plan sponsor (i.e. the employer), the pension fund, an insurance company, or none.

More information on the OECD GPS project can be found at: http://www.oecd.org/daf/pensions/gps.

Further readings: OECD *Pension Markets in Focus*, available online at the following link: http://www.oecd.org/daf/pensions/pensionmarkets.

OECD Global Pension Statistics- Country Methodological Notes-MASTER FILE Last Update: 20 November 2023

		ADMINISTRATIVE NATIONAL SPECIFICATIONS				OECD CLASSIFICATION				CHARACTERISTICS OF THE PLAN/FUND							
COUNTRY	"X" means data exists in GPS	SOURCE	CATEGORY	DESCRIPTION	(Poncion fund /	TYPE OF PLAN: Occupational personal activity, of access and be linked to employment or professional activity; of mandatory, quasi-mandatory or voluntary; mandatory and principle benefit traditional, defined benefit hybrid mixed, defined			The access to the plan can be linked to employment or professional activity (Yes / No)	or has to		The employer / social partners establish the plan (Yes / No)	Benefit calculation (by ref. to a formula / by ref. to contributions paid)	Type of guarantee (benefit level / annuity purchase price / capital guarantee / fixed return / absolute minimum return / relative minimum return / none)	Risk-sharing (plan sponsor / active members / deferred members / pensioners / none)	Guarantor (plan sponsor / pension fund / insurance company / none)	
ESTONIA	x		2nd pillar	Individual, defined contribution pension funds and pension investment accounts (since 2021). Financed by state social tax (4%) and individual contribution (2%). Administrated by private pension fund management companies. In a pension investment account, each person manages his/her own investments, but the service provider (bank) has predetermined a selection of suitable investments.	pension fund and pension investment	Personal pension plan, to which access can be linked to employment or professional activity	Mandatory (from 2021 voluntary but automatic enrolment for new labour market entrants)	DC unprotected	Yes	Yes	No	No	By ref. to contributions paid	None	None	None	
	х	Ministry of Finance	3rd pillar	Individual, defined contribution pension funds or pension insurance contracts. Administrated by private investment fund management companies or insurance companies. Voluntary pension funds are unprotected DC plans. Voluntary pension insurance contracts can be either protected (guaranteed investment return) or unprotected DC plans. Only insurance companies can offer guaranteed investment return. There are no other rules or restrictions in law, so insurance companies can choose the guarantee they offer in the contracts.	Pension fund/Pension insurance contract	Personal pension plan, to which access is not linked to employment or professional activity	Voluntary	DC protected	No	Yes	No	No	By ref. to contributions paid	Guaranteed investment return	None	Insurance company	
	x					Personal pension plan, to which access is not linked to employment or professional activity	Voluntary	DC unprotected	No	Yes	No	No	By ref. to contributions paid	None	None	None	