

COUNTRY NOTE

Database on Social Expenditure (www.oecd.org/social/expenditure.htm)
OECD - Social Policy Division - Directorate of Employment, Labour and Social Affairs

JAPAN

Nomenclature

ZENKOKU-KENKOHOKEN-KYOKAI-KANSHO-KENKOHOKEN	Association-kenpo health insurance
KUMIAI-KANSHO-KENKOHOKEN	Society-managed health insurance
KOKUMIN-KENKOHOKEN	National health insurance
KOUKI-KOREISHA-IRYO-SEIDO	Medical Care System for the Elderly in the Latter Stage of Life
ROJIN-HOKEN	Health and medical services for the aged
KAIGO-HOKEN	Long-term care insurance
KOUSEI-NENKIN	Employees' pension insurance
KOUSEI-NENKIN-KIKIN	Employees' pension funds
SEKITAN-KOGYO-NENKIN-KIKIN	Coal mining pension fund
KOKUMIN-KENKIN	National pension
KOKUMIN-NENKIN-KIKIN	National pension fund
NOGYOSHA-NENKIN-KIKIN	Farmers' pension fund
SENIN-HOKEN	Seamen's insurance
NORIN-GYOGYOU-DANTAI-SHOKUIN-KYOSAI-KUMIAI	Agricultural, forestry and fishery organization, employees' mutual aid association
NIHON-SHIRITU-GAKKO-SHINKO-KYOSAI-JIGYODAN	Mutual aid association of private school personnel
KOYOU-HOKEN	Employment insurance
ROUDOSHA-SAIGAI-HOSHO-HOKEN	Workmen's accident compensation insurance
JIDO-TEATE	Child allowance
KOKKA-KOMUIN-KYOSAI-KUMIAI	National and related public service mutual aid association
SONZOKU-KUMIAI-TO	Existing associations, etc.
CHIHO-KOMUIN-TO-KYOSAI-KUMIAI	Local government employees' mutual aid association
KYUREI-KYOSAI-KUMIAI-TO	Yahata mutual aid association, etc.
KOKKO-KOMUIN-SAIGAI-HOSHO	Government employees' accident compensation
CHIHO-KOMUIN-TO-SAIGAI-HOSHO	Local government employees' accident compensation
KYU-KOKYO-KIGYOTAI-SHOKUIN-GYOMU-SAIGAI	Public corporation staffs' accident compensation
KOKKA-KOMUIN-ONKYU	National public employees' pensions
CHIHO-KOMUIN-ONKYU	Local public employees' pensions
KOSHU-EISEI	Public health
SEIKATU-HOGO	Public assistance
SHAKAI-FUKUSHI	Social welfare
KOYOU-TAISAKU	Employment measures
SENSOU-GISEISHA	Aid for war victims
CHIHO-TANDOKU-JIGHOU	Local government expenditure exclusively financed by local revenue
IYAKUHIN-FUKUSAYOU-HIGAI-KYUSAI-SEIDO	Relief system for sufferers from adverse drug reactions

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SEIBUTU-YURAI-SEIHIN-KANSEN-HIGAI-KYUSAI-SEIDO	Relief system for sufferers from diseases infected from biological products
CHUSHO-KIGYO-TAISHOKU-KYOSAI-SEIDO	Small-and-medium size enterprise retirement allowance mutual aid system
SHAKAI-FUKUSHI-SHISSETU-SHOKUIN-TO-TAISHOKU-KYOSAI-SEIDO	Mutual aid system for the retirement allowance for the staff of social welfare institutions etc.
KOUREI-SHOGAI-KYUSYOKUSHA-KOYOU-SHIEN-KIKOU	Japan organization for employment of the elderly, persons with disabilities and job seekers
KOGAI-KENKO-HIGAI-HOSHO-SEIDO	Pollution-related health damage compensation system
ISHIWATA-KENKO-HIGAI-KYUSAI-SEIDO	Asbestos health damage relief system
NIHON-SUPOOTU-SHINKO-SENTA-SAIGAI-KYUSAI-KYUUFU	Japan sport council mutual aid benefit
SYUUGAKU-ENJYO,SHUGAKUMAE-KYOIKU	School expense assistance programme and Early Childhood Education
JIDOSHA-JIKO-KOUI-SHOGAISHA-SHIEN	Support for those suffering from residual disability from automobile accidents
KOUTEKI-CHINTAI-JUUTAKU-YACHIN-TAISAKU-HOJO	Public housing rent subsidy
HANZAI-HIGAI-KYUUFU-SEIDO	Benefit system for crime victims
HISAISHA-SEIKATU-SAIKEN-SHIEN-JIGYO	Disaster victims livelihood recovery support system

Monetary unit

Social spending is expressed in millions of Yen (JPY).

General notes

The financial year starts from 1 April.

The individual country notes of the OECD Benefits and Wages (www.oecd.org/social/benefits-and-wages.htm) provide a comprehensive description of characteristics of social programmes (e.g. conditions for receipt, calculation of payment rates, tax treatment of social support, benefit duration, etc.) for the working-age population, including: unemployment insurance and assistance, social assistance, employment-conditional benefits, housing benefits, family benefits, childcare support, and support for sole parent households.

Break in series

The following data was added from 2005, therefore the total of public as well as mandatory private social expenditure are not comparable as of 2004.

- 392.10.2.1.1.12 Pollution-related health damage compensation system
- 392.10.2.1.2.8 Pollution-related health damage compensation system
- 392.10.2.1.2.9 Asbestos health damage relief system
- 392.10.2.1.2.10 Benefit system for crime victim
- 392.10.2.2.1.17 Pollution-related health damage compensation system
- 392.10.2.2.1.18 Asbestos health damage relief system
- 392.10.3.1.1.10 Pollution-related health damage compensation system

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- 392.10.3.1.5.10 Pollution-related health damage compensation system
 - 392.10.3.1.5.11 Asbestos health damage relief system
 - 392.10.3.1.5.12 Benefit system for crime victim
 - 392.10.3.2.1.7 Support for those suffering from residual disability from automobile accidents
 - 392.10.3.2.2.4 Pollution-related health damage compensation system
 - 392.10.3.2.2.5 Support for those suffering from residual disability from automobile accidents
 - 392.10.3.2.3.7 Pollution-related health damage compensation system
- The underneath data was added from 2005 due to updating disaster relief expenditure in 2011.
- 392.20.9.1.2.2/902 Disaster Victims Livelihood Recovery Support System

Data on Unemployment, provided by IPSS from 1980 to 2004, by LMP database from 2005 to 2015, are both based on annual settlements but not comparable as of 2005 because some schemes(7.1.1.4 and 7.1.1.5)are not available before 2004.

Data on total public social expenditure are underestimated for the period 1980-89 as information on public expenditure on ALMP is not available for these years. The ALMP were based on budget up to 2004, however, from 2005 data have been revised as an annual settlement, therefore they are not comparable as of 2005.

Data on total voluntary social expenditure are underestimated for the period 2002-2006 as information on tax qualified pension is not available for these years.

Data on total voluntary social expenditure are underestimated for the period 1995-2002 as information on Health rendered from Health data is partially excluded for these years.

Social benefits except health and childcare, which are financed by local government, are added for 2015 onwards, but before then are underreported due to statistical restriction.

Secretariat estimates

Sources

Data supplied by IPSS, except for:

- 1980 to 2008** *OECD Health Statistics* (www.oecd.org/health/healthdata).
- 1998 to 2014** 5.2.1.5 Childcare (pre-primary education): OECD Education database (www.oecd.org/edu/database.htm)
- 1990 onwards** 6.0.0.0 Active Labour Market Programmes
- 2005 onwards** 7.0.0.0 Unemployment: OECD Labour Market Policy database

Background information

National Institute of Population and Social Security Research., "Financial Statistics of Social Security in Japan 2017". <http://www.ipss.go.jp/ss-cost/e/fsss-17/fsss-17.asp>

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Code	Title of the programme	Description of the programme and attached notes
1.	OLD AGE	
392.10.1.1.1.1	Employees' pension insurance	(KOUSEI-NENKIN). Any workplace as defined in the Employee Pension Insurance Act or otherwise is subject to compulsory coverage. Major branches of activity carried out by individual persons that are excluded from compulsory coverage include: agriculture, forestry and fishery; restaurants and hotels; free-lance professions such as lawyers, public accountants, licensed tax accountants; etc. Workers in short-term employment (seasonal work, temporary workplaces, etc.) are also excluded. Compulsory coverage for seamen depends on the size of ship.
392.10.1.1.1.2	National pension	(KOKUMIN-NENKIN). This programme covers all residents of Japan between except for recipients of retirement pensions provided by various employees' pension plans.
392.10.1.1.1.3	Seamen's insurance	(SENIN-HOKEN). After fiscal year 1986, expenditures were covered through employee's pension insurance and the national pension.
392.10.1.1.1.4	Agricultural, forestry and fishery organization employees' mutual aid assistance	(NORIN-GYOGYOU-DANTAI-SHOKUIN-KYOSAI-KUMIAI). This association provides pension coverage for those employed in agriculture, forestry and fishery sectors.
392.10.1.1.1.5	Mutual aid association of private schools personnel	(NIHON-SHIRITSU-GAKKO-SHINKO-KYOSAI-JIGYODAN). Pensions to employees formerly in educational institutions.
392.10.1.1.1.6	National and related public service mutual aid association	(KOKKA-KOMUIN-KYOSAI-KUMIAI). Pension protection for civil servants who are employed full-time by the national government and employees of eligible non-profit organizations. The retirement pension is almost the same as that provided under the employee's pension scheme
392.10.1.1.1.7	Existing association, etc	(SONZOKU-KUMIAI-TO). Retired persons of former public cooperation employees are covered.
392.10.1.1.1.8	Local public employees' mutual aid association	(CHIHO-KOMUIN-TO-KYOSAI-KUMIAI). This association provides pension coverage for (former) civil servants who (were) are employed by local government.
392.10.1.1.1.9	Yahata mutual aid association, etc.	(KYUREI-KYOSAI-KUMIAI-TO). This programme including the Nippon steel Yahata mutual aid association (and some others) was wound up in April 1997: current benefit payments are related to old schemes.
392.10.1.1.1.10	National public employees' pension (Gratuity)	(KOKKA-KOMUIN-ONKYU). For civil servants.
392.10.1.1.1.11	Local public employees' pension (Gratuity)	(CHIHO-KOMUIN-ONKYU). For civil servants.
392.10.1.1.3.1	Employees' pension insurance	(KOUSEI-NENKIN).
392.10.1.1.3.2	National Pension(Old age welfare pension, non-contributory)	(KOKUMIN-NENKIN). Concerns people over 70 who are not eligible for national pension (contributory) because they were not eligible to participate when the national pension insurance scheme was set up.
392.10.1.1.3	Seamen's insurance	(SENIN-HOKEN).
392.10.1.1.3.4	Agricultural, forestry and fishery organization employees' mutual aid assistance	(NORIN-GYOGYOU-DANTAI-SHOKUIN-KYOSAI-KUMIAI). See also 10.1.1.1.3.
392.10.1.1.3.5	Mutual aid association of private school personnel	(NIHON-SHIRITSU-GAKKO-SHINKO-KYOSAI-JIGYODAN). See also 10.1.1.1.4.
392.10.1.1.3.6	National and related public service mutual aid association	(KOKKA-KOMUIN-KYOSAI-KUMIAI). See also 10.1.1.1.6.
392.10.1.1.3.7	Existing association, etc.	(SONZOKU-KUMIAI-TO). See also 10.1.1.1.7.
392.10.1.1.3.8	Local government employees' mutual aid association	(CHIHO-KOMUIN-TO-KYOSAI-KUMIAI). See also 10.1.1.1.8.

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392.10.1.2.1.1	Long-term care insurance	In 2000, Long-term care Insurance (KAIGO-HOKEN) was introduced and restructured from Health Expenditure to Old age rehabilitation care.
392.10.1.2.1.2	Public health	Rehabilitation services: social welfare to adults aged 65 and over
392.10.1.2.1.3	Public assistance(means-tested)	Public assistance for long-term care
392.10.1.2.1.4	Social welfare	Includes expenditure for welfare of the elderly.
392.10.1.2.2.2	Social welfare	Example, deduction for copayment of long-term care targeting low-income elderly.
392.20.1.1.1.1	Employee's pension fund	(KOUSEI-NENKIN-KIKINN). Pension fund may be established by an employer (joint employers) who employs more than 500 workers, in case of approval of more than half of the employees and the labour union, and subject to the approval of the Minister of Health, Labour and Welfare. Such funds administer the earnings-related portion of the employee's pension insurance.
392.20.1.1.1.2	Coal mining pension fund	(SEKITAN-KOGYO-NENKIN-KIKIN). Pension fund is established by coal mining private companies in 1973 to give additional pension for retired persons. Until previous SOCX revision ,this scheme was added in Employee's pension fund etc.
392.20.1.1.1.3	National pension fund	(KOKUMIN-NENKIN-KIKIN). The National Pension Fund is an optional pension for the self-employed (Category No.1 of National pension), and is designed to give additional pension coverage to the self-employed who do not have the second and third-tier pensions. Until previous SOCX revision ,this scheme was added in Farmer's pension fund etc.
392.20.1.1.1.4	Farmer's pension fund	(NOGYOSHA-NENKIN-KIKIN). This fund was established to secure income after retirement for full-time farmers. It also aims to promote smooth inter-generational transfer of farming businesses. Farmers must cultivate over 0.5 hectares to be eligible to join the fund.
392.20.1.1.3.1	Employee's pension fund	(KOUSEI-NENKIN-KIKIN). Retirement lump-sum benefit. See 20.1.1.1.1.
392.20.1.1.3.2	Coal mining pension fund	(SEKITAN-KOGYO-NENKIN-KIKIN). Retirement lump-sum benefit. See 20.1.1.1.2.
392.20.1.1.3.3	National pension fund	(KOKUMIN-NENKIN-KIKIN). Retirement lump-sum benefit. See 20.1.1.1.3.
392.20.1.1.3.4	Farmer's pension fund	(NOGYOSHA-NENKIN-KIKIN). Retirement lump-sum benefit. See 20.1.1.1.4.
392.20.1.1.3.8	Small-and-medium size enterprise retirement allowance mutual aid system	(CHUSHO-KIGYO-TAISHOKU-KYOSAI-SEIDO) This scheme is an additional retirement benefit for the small-and-medium size enterprises and is designed to extend coverage to them who do not have the third-tier pensions. This was established in 1959 but the data is available since 2005.
392.20.1.1.3.9	Mutual aid system for the retirement allowance for the staff of social welfare institutions etc.	(SHAKAI-FUKUSHI-SHISSETU-SHOKUIN-TO-TAISHOKU-KYOSAI-SEIDO) This scheme provides lump-sum retirement allowance for employed of social welfare institutions, which is financed by contributions from employers and subsidies from government, managed by The WELFARE AND MEDICAL SERVICE AGENCY (WAM) . This was established in 1961 but the data is available since 2005.
392.30.1.1.1.1	Retirement allowances by enterprises	Small farms jointly organize a mutual aid for their employees' retirement allowances.
392.30.1.1.1.2	Defined benefit cooperate pension plan	Former tax qualified pension plan. Former Employee Pension Fund with opting out. This was established in 2002 but the data is available since 2007.
392.30.1.1.1.3	Defined contribution pension plan-cooperate type	DC plan contributed exclusively by employers. This was established in 2001 but the data is available since 2007.

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392.30.1.1.1.4	Defined contribution pension plan-individual type	DC plan contributed exclusively by employees. This was established in 2001 but the data is available since 2007.
392.30.1.1.3.1&2	Tax qualified employee pension: regular cash payments & Lump sum	Tax qualified employee pension plan is transforming to DB Cooperate Pension plan by March 2002.
2. SURVIVORS		
392.10.2.1.1.1	Employees' pension	(KOUSSEI-NENKIN). Survivors' employee pension is payable to survivors of someone who satisfied one of the following conditions: at the time of death, he/she was insured under the employee's insurance pension scheme; he/she died of sickness or injury within five years of the first medical consultation when he/she was insured; he/she was in receipt of a first or second grade disability pension; he/she had satisfied the qualifying period for the old age basic pension. The payment rate of the survivors' employee pension is about 70% of the old age employee pension to which the deceased person was entitled.
392.10.2.1.1.2	National pension (orphan, wife)	(KOKUMIN-NENKIN). Survivors' basic pension is paid either to the widowed parent or orphans in case of death of an insured person, or to the bereaved spouses aged 60 to 64 who are resident in Japan, on the same insured-period condition as for the basic disability pension, i.e. the contributory record should at least equal two-thirds of his/her insured period. The basic payment is also payable in case of the death of a person who has paid contributions for at least 25 years.
392.10.2.1.1.3	Seamen's insurance	(SENIN-HOKEN). In case of death due to occupational causes, the survivors' pension is granted by the seamen's insurance, employees' pension insurance and national pension schemes.
392.10.2.1.1.6	National and related public service mutual aid association	(KOKKA-KOMUIN-KYOSAI-KUMIAI). Payment to survivors of national government employees: the benefit is almost identical to that provided under the employee's pension scheme.
392.10.2.1.1.7	Existing associations, etc.	(SONZOKU-KUMIAI-TO). Covers employees of Nippon Telegraph and Telephone (NTT), Japan Railway (JR) and Japan Tobacco Inc. (JT).
392.10.2.1.1.8	Local government employees' mutual aid association	(CHIHO-KOMUIN-TO-KYOSAI-KUMIAI). Concerns local government employees.
392.10.2.1.1.10	Public health	(KOSHU-EISEI) Compensation for survivors of the dead victims caused by vaccination.
392.10.2.1.1.11	Survivors' pension: aid for war victims	Parents and spouses of military staff civilian army employees are eligible to cash benefits, according to the rank of the deceased.
392.10.2.1.1.12	Pollution-related health damage compensation system	(KOGAI-KENKO-HIGAI-HOSHO-SEIDO) Compensation for survivors of the victims of pollution-related health damage.
3. INCAPACITY RELATED BENEFITS (Disability, Occupational injury and disease, Sickness)		
392.10.3.1.1.2	National pension	(KOKUMIN -NENKIN). Provided when an insured person suffers from permanent inability to work due to sickness or injury. Benefits are also payable to someone who suffers from permanent disability before reaching the age of 20. Payment is suspended if the beneficiary's income exceeds a prescribed amount or if the person is entitled to a certain amount from other public pension schemes.
392.10.3.1.1.6	National and related public service mutual aid association	(KOKKA-KOMUIN-KYOSAI-KUMIAI). Concerns national government employees who are required to serve on a full-time basis. The disability pension is almost identical to that provided under the employee's pension scheme. There is also a lump sum disability benefit.
392.10.3.1.2.1	Seamen's insurance	(SENIN-HOKEN). In case of disability due to occupational causes, a disability pension is granted by seamen's insurance, employee's pension and national pension; the disability allowance is granted only by seamen's insurance.
392.10.3.1.2.3	National and related public service accident compensation	(KOKKO-KOMUIN-SAIGAI-HOSHO). Workmen's accident compensation applies to all businesses employing workers, with the exception of national and local government, and part-time workers and seamen. Depending on affiliation by employers benefits extend to workers in the agriculture, forestry and fishery sectors. Payments include temporary incapacity lump sums, injury and disease compensation, physical disability compensation benefits, survivors' compensation benefits, funeral expenses

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		and commuting accident benefits.
392.10.3.1.4.1	Association-kenpo health insurance	(ZENKOKU-KENKOHOKEN-KYOKAI-KANSHO-KENKOHOKEN). Cash benefits awarded to employees who are unable to work due to sickness. Payment rate is equivalent to 60% of standard daily remuneration (40% if the person is hospitalized and has no dependents), and there is a three-day waiting period. Duration of benefit payments is six months at maximum.
392.10.3.1.4.2	Society-managed health insurance	(KUMIAI-KANSHO-KENKOHOKEN). Provided when an insured person is unable to work while undergoing medical care.
392.10.3.2.1.5	Social welfare	(SHAKAI-FUKUSHI). This scheme provides subsidies from the central to local government towards home help services. Beneficiaries include both the elderly and the disabled. (SHINSHIN-SYOGAIJI-SOGO-IRYO-RYOUIKU-CENTER). The central government has commissioned the Japanese association for physically handicapped children (a legal entity for social welfare purposes) to run the medical rehabilitation centers for mentally and physically handicapped children.
392.10.3.2.3.4	Public health	Subsidies for the families of leprosy sufferers (RAI-KANJYA-KAZOKU-SEIKATUKENNGO-ITAKUHI) and subsidies for private medical institutions for leprosy sufferers (RAI-RYOYOJYOHI-HOZYOKIN). The central government pays local authorities as a supplement to the public assistance scheme payments for the families. The central government also pays a subsidy to the private medical institutions, to further support the welfare of leprosy sufferers.
4.	HEALTH	
392.10.4.2.0.0	Public expenditure on health, adjusted	Public expenditure on health care (see 392.10.4.2.0.0), adjusted for all long-term care spending already covered in Old age and Incapacity-related benefits in-kind
392.10.4.2.0.0	Public expenditure on health	Public expenditure on health care: See <i>OECD Health Statistics</i> .
392.30.4.2.0.0	Voluntary expenditure on health	See <i>OECD Health Statistics</i> .
5.	FAMILY	
392.10.5.1.1.1	Child allowance	(JIDO-TEATE). Income-tested family support for children not yet 6 years of age.
392.10.5.1.1.2	Social welfare	TOKUBETU-JIDO-FUYO-TEATE : Rearing allowances for handicapped children is given to families with mentally or physically disabled children under the age of 20. JIDO-FUYO-TEATE: Allowances for children in lone parent families is given to children up to the age of 18 (20 when disabled) in sole parent families
392.10.5.1.2.1	Association-kenpo health insurance	(ZENKOKU-KENKOHOKEN-KYOKAI-KANSHO-KENKOHOKEN). Maternity payments for 14 weeks At a payment rate of 60 %of her daily standard remuneration. Parental leave payments are available until the child's first birthday. The payment rate is 30% of last earnings and an additional 10% when the leave taker works for at least 6 months upon his/her return to work.
392.10.5.1.2.2	Society-managed health insurance	(KUMIAI-KANSHO-KENKOHOKEN). Maternity allowance. See also 10. 5.1.2.1.
392.10.5.1.2.3	National health insurance	(KOKUMIN-KENKO-HOKEN). Maternity allowance. See also 10.5.1.2.1.
392.10.5.1.2.4	Seamen's insurance	(SENIN-HOKEN). Maternity allowance. See also 10.5.1.2.1.
392.10.5.1.2.5	Mutual aid association of private school personnel	(NIHON-SHIRITSU-GAKKO-SHINKO-KYOSAI-JIGYODAN). Maternity allowance. See also 10.5.1.2.1.
392.10.5.1.2.6	Employment insurance	(KOYOU-HOKEN). Parental leave benefit (IKUJI-KYUGYO-KYUFU)is basically available until the child reaches 1 year (1 year and 2 months if both parents take child-care leave "Mom and Dad Child Care Leave Plus"),can be extended up to 1 year and 6 months if day care is not available. It is also available for temporary employees who meet certain requirements

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		Family care benefit (KAIGO-KYUGYO-KYUFU) is guaranteed every time when constant care is required and for up to 93 days in total for each family member. It is also available for temporary employees who meet certain requirements
392.10.5.1.2.7	National and related public service mutual aid association	(KOKKA-KOMUIN-KYOSAI-KUMIAI). Maternity allowance: See also 10.5.1.2.1. Parental leave benefit and family care leave benefit: See 10.5.1.2.6
392.10.5.1.2.9	Local government employees' mutual aid association	(CHIHO-KOMUIN-TO-KYOSAI-KUMIAI). Maternity allowance: See also 10.5.1.2.1. Parental leave benefit and family care leave benefit: See 10.5.1.2.6
392.10.5.2.1.1	Child allowances	(JIDO-TEATE). Includes subsidies for the after-school day care service. Majority of local governments, such as cities and wards, provide a day-care service for school children whose parents work and absent at home during day time.
392.10.5.2.1.2	Social welfare (subsidies for children's protection)	Includes day-care and pre-primary education services which are provided under the Comprehensive Support System for Children and Child-Rearing, which was newly introduced in 2015 and managed by the Cabinet Office.
392.10.5.2.1.4	School expense assistance program and Early Childhood Education	(SHUGAKU-ENJYO, SHUGAKUMAE-KYOIKU) Includes subsidy for pre-primary education services, which are provided by kinder gardens and managed by the Ministry of Education, Culture, Sports, Science and Technology. This is paid for school children in low-income households to subsidize for school meal, school trip etc.
392.10.5.2.1.5	Child care (pre-primary education)	OECD Education database. From 2015 onwards, pre-primary education expenditure is counted under 10.5.2.1.2, 10.5.2.1.3 and 10.5.2.1.4.
392.10.5.2.3.1	Workmens' Accident Compensation Insurance	(ROUDOSHA-SAIGAI-HOSHO-HOKEN). Subsidy for employers to consult advisors in order to promote family friendly workplaces (ex. less work hours, taking more annual leaves).
6.	ACTIVE LABOUR MARKET PROGRAMMES	
		LMP database from 1990 onwards
7.	UNEMPLOYMENT	
		LMP database from 2005 onwards
392.10.7.1.1.2	Employment insurance: Unemployment insurance	Includes unemployment benefit and employment maintenance benefit except parental/family care leave benefit (5.1.2.6) training benefit for employed (6.0.2.0). Unemployment benefit from Seamen's insurance (7.1.1.1) are included since 2010.
392.10.7.1.1.3	Employment insurance: Unemployment assistance	Benefit for unemployed non eligible for unemployment benefit
392.10.7.1.1.4	Employment measures: Unemployment assistance	Incentive benefit for elderly to get new jobs and keep employed.
392.10.7.1.1.5	Workmens' accident compensation insurance: Bankruptcy compensation	Bankruptcy compensation payment
8.	HOUSING	
392.10.8.2.1.1	Public assistance	
392.10.8.2.1.2	Public housing rent subsidy	
9.	OTHER SOCIAL POLICY AREAS	
392.10.9.1.1.1	Public assistance	Includes livelihood aid, educational aid, maternity aid, occupational aid, housing subsidies and funeral aid but does not include medical aid. Medical assistance is accounted for under 4.2.0.0, Public expenditure on health.
392.10.9.1.2.6	Social welfare (cash benefits)	Includes subsidies by both central and local governments for disaster relief.
392.10.9.2.1.1	Public health (services)	For Disaster Victims
392.10.9.2.1.2	Social welfare (services)	See 10.9.1.2.1. It concerns in-kind benefits.
392.10.9.2.2.2	Public health (services)	See 10.9.1.1.1. Operational expenditure, not medical services.
392.20.9.1.2.1	Japan sport council mutual aid benefit	For Disaster Victims
392.20.9.1.2.2	Disaster victims livelihood recovery support system	For Disaster Victims