

COUNTRY NOTE

Database on Social Expenditure (www.oecd.org/social/expenditure.htm)
OECD - Social Policy Division - Directorate of Employment, Labour and Social Affairs

MEXICO

Nomenclature

CDI	Comisión Nacional para el Desarrollo de los Pueblos Indígenas (National Commission for Indigenous Communities Development)
CIMO	Programa de Calidad Integral y Modernización (Integral Quality and Modernization Programme)
CONSAR	Comisión Nacional de Sistemas de Ahorro para el Retiro (National Commission for the Pension System)
DIF	Sistema Nacional para el Desarrollo Integral de la Familia (National System for Integral Family Development)
FONHAPO	Fondo Nacional de Habitaciones Populares (National Housing Fund)
FOVIMI	Fondo de la Vivienda Militar (Military Housing Fund)
FOVISSSTE	Fondo de la Vivienda del Instituto de Seguridad y Servicios Sociales de los Trabajadores del Estado (Housing fund for staff of The State's Employees' Social Security and Social Services Institute)
IMSS	Instituto Mexicano del Seguro Social (Mexican Institute of Social Security)
INAPAM	Instituto Nacional de las Personas Adultas Mayores (National Old Age Institute)
INFONAVIT	Instituto del Fondo Nacional de la Vivienda para los Trabajadores (Housing fund for Workers)
INI	Instituto Nacional Indigenista (National Institute for Indigenous populations)
ISSFAM	Instituto de Seguridad Social para las Fuerzas Armadas Mexicanas (Institute of Social Security for the Mexican Armed Forces)
ISSSTE	Instituto de Seguridad y Servicios Sociales de los Trabajadores del Estado (The State's Employees' Social Security and Social Services Institute)
IVCM	Seguro de Invalidez, Vejez, Cesantía en edad avanzada y Muerte (Disability, Old age, and Survivor Insurance)
IV	Seguro de Invalidez y Vida (Disability and Survivor Insurance)
PASAF	Programa de Asistencia Social Alimentaria a Familias (Social Assistance and Food to Families Programme)
PEMEX	Petróleos Mexicanos (Mexican Petroleum Company)
PRA	Programa de Raciones Alimenticias (Food Portions Programme -School Breakfast Programme)
PROBECAT	Programa de Becas de Capacitación a los Trabajadores Desempleados (Labour Retraining Programme)
PROCAMPO	Programa de Apoyos Directos al Campo (Subsidies to Agriculture Programme)
PROGRESA	Programa Nacional de Educación, Salud y Alimentación (National Programme of Education, Health and Feeding)
PDHO	Programa de Desarrollo Humano Oportunidades
RCV	Seguro de Retiro, Cesantía en Edad Avanzada y Vejez (Old age)

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SAGARPA	Secretaría de Agricultura, Ganadería y Desarrollo Rural (Secretary of Agriculture, Cattle Raising and Rural Development)
SEDESOL	Secretaría de Desarrollo Social (Secretary of Social Development)
SNE	Servicio nacional de empleo (National Employment Service)
SS	Secretaría de Salud (Secretary of Health)
STPS	Secretaría del Trabajo y Previsión Social (Secretary of Work and Social Welfare)

Monetary unit

Social spending is expressed as millions of new pesos (MXN).

To make comparable the data reported in the SOCX figures it was adjusted as follows: up to 1992 it refers to billions of “pesos” (old pesos), starting from 1993 to 1995 it refers to millions “new pesos” and since 1996 they are millions “pesos” that have the same value to new pesos, the name was only adjusted.

General notes

The information refers only to the social programmes operated by the federal government, although some programmes also involve state and municipal participation.

The individual country notes of the OECD Benefits and Wages (www.oecd.org/social/benefits-and-wages.htm) provide a comprehensive description of characteristics of social programmes (e.g. conditions for receipt, calculation of payment rates, tax treatment of social support, benefit duration, etc.) for the working-age population, including: unemployment insurance and assistance, social assistance, employment-conditional benefits, housing benefits, family benefits, childcare support, and support for sole parent households.

Secretariat estimates:

Child care (pre-primary education) for 2016/17, estimation based on the annual growth rate of the previous year.

Sources

Data collected by Unidad de Planeación y Relaciones Internacionales de la Secretaría de Desarrollo Social (www.SEDESOL.gob.mx) from various Ministries together with Ministry of Finance except for:

1985 onwards 4. Health: OECD Health Statistics (www.oecd.org/health/healthdata)

1998 onwards 5.2.1.3 Childcare (pre-primary education): OECD Education database (www.oecd.org/edu/database.htm).

1985 onwards 6. ALMP: OECD Labour Market Policy database.

2008 onwards National Systema for Integral Family Development (source: Cuenta Publica 2008-2012 Secretaría de Hacienda y Crédito Público)

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Break in series

Background information

U.S. Social Security Administration, Social Security Programs Throughout the World
(<http://www.ssa.gov/policy/docs/progdesc/ssptw>)

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Code	Title of the programme	Description of the programme and attached notes
1. OLD AGE		
484.10.1.1.1.1	Old age pension and old age retirement (IMSS)	(Pensiones de vejez y cesantía en edad avanzada). Monthly cash benefits for insured workers aged 60 and over, subject to conditions set out in the social security legislation.
484.10.1.1.1.2	Retirement wages (ISSFAM)	(Haber de retiro). Pensions for retired military service staff, subject to conditions set out in the social security (armed forces) legislation.
484.10.1.1.1.3	Saving systems for retirement (CONSAR)	(Sistemas de Ahorro para el Retiro). Pension for retired workers through the National Commission on Retirement Saving which coordinates, regulates and supervises the systems and their participants. Benefits paid to workers from 1992 to 2005. SAR (Saving System for Retirement) started in 1992 for workers affiliated to IMSS and ISSSTE. With the new system, which started in July 1997, IMSS affiliates' Contributions for Retirement of SAR 92 were added to the contributions for Retirement Insurance, Old age Pension and Old age Retirement, resources that are managed by Afores. Since 1992, data include withdraws from the retirement's subaccount of SAR 92 (IMSS and ISSSTE), while withdraws from the Old Age Pension and Old Age Retirement Afores' subaccount are considered since September 1998.
484.10.1.1.1.4	Old age pension (ISSSTE)	(Pensiones y jubilaciones). Monthly pension payment to insured workers with a prescribed number of years of service (men 30 years, women 28 years or more), subject to conditions set in social security (government workers) legislation.
484.10.1.1.1.5	Old age pension (PEMEX)	(Pensiones y jubilaciones). Monthly cash and kind benefits for insured workers with 25 years of service or more subject to conditions set in collective agreements. Includes pensions for disability.
484.10.1.1.1.6	Non contributory pensions (70 y Más) (SEDESOL)	(Programa 70 y Más) Monthly non contributory pensions given to elderly adults of seventy years or older living in rural communities of under 30,000 inhabitants. The program was initiated in 2006. In 2012 the program has national coverage.
484.10.1.1.2.1	Early retirement pensions (ISSSTE)	(Pensiones y jubilaciones). Monthly pension payments for insured workers made redundant after age 60, as set out in the social security (government workers) legislation.
484.10.1.1.3.1	Compensations (ISSFAM)	(Compensaciones). Lump sum cash benefit for military service staff paid on retirement subject to conditions set in the social security (armed forces) legislation. Families of service people may receive this one-off payment in some circumstances.
484.10.1.1.3.2	Pensioners deposits reimbursement (ISSSTE)	(Devolución de Depósitos a trabajadores jubilados). Cash refund to survivors of pension contributions, including the "5% deposit".
484.10.1.2.1.1	Residential care adults aged 60 and over (DIF)	(Atención Integral en Centros) Housing, food, day-care, health care and clothing for people over 60 years.
484.10.1.2.2.1	Other social benefits for the elderly (IMSS)	(Otros beneficios para la tercera edad: prestaciones sociales) Social benefits for elderly people (including those not insured), allowing access to social security programmes.
484.10.1.2.2.2	National Old Age Institute (INAPAM)	Social benefits to elderly people (aged 60 and over): promotion of recreational, cultural and sports activities, as well as medical, dietary and psychological services. INAPAM (Old age people National Institute) before INSEN (Old Age National Institute)
484.10.1.2.2.3	Assistance to pensioners (ISSSTE)	(Atención a pensionados y jubilados) Social services to former government workers in retirement. The programme offers occupational activities through workshops, providing additional earnings, as well as cultural and recreational activities.
2. SURVIVORS		
484.10.2.1.1.1	Widow(er)s pension (IMSS)	[Pensiones de viudez y viudez orfandad por los seguros de invalidez y vida (IV), invalidez, vejez, cesantía y muerte (IVCM) y pensiones garantizadas por viudez del ramo retiro, cesantía y vejez (RCV)]. Monthly cash benefits paid to beneficiaries from familiar groups composed by widow(er)s with or without

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	orphans under disability, old age retirement and death insurance. See also 2.1.1.6.)).
484.10.2.1.1.2 Widow(er)s pension due to work injuries (IMSS)	[Pensiones de viudez y viudez orfandad por riesgos de trabajo]. Monthly cash benefits paid to beneficiaries from familiar groups composed by widow(er)s with or without orphans as a result of a work accident.
484.10.2.1.1.3 Orphan's pension (IMSS)	Pensiones de orfandad por los seguros de invalidez y vida(IV), invalidez, vejez, cesantía y muerte (IVCM) y pensiones garantizadas del ramo retiro, cesantía y vejez (RCV)]. . Monthly cash benefits to orphans (up to age 16, and age 25 if studying) who are beneficiaries under disability, old age retirement and death insurance. <i>Since 2009 orphan's pension that are accompanied with a widow(er)s pension are only considered to be pensions for widow (er)s under disability, old age retirement and death insurance.</i>
484.10.2.1.1.4 Survivor pension (ISSSTE)	(Pensión por fallecimiento) Monthly cash benefits to survivors
484.10.2.1.1.5 Survivor pension (PEMEX)	(Pensión por fallecimiento) Monthly benefits in cash and kind for beneficiaries of an insured worker.
484.10.2.1.1.6 Pension (ISSFAM)	(Pensiones) Survivors' pensions in relation to military servants. If there are several entitled relatives, the amount is divided equally among the beneficiaries; when a beneficiary ceases to be entitled, his/her share reverts to the others.
484.10.2.1.1.7 Orphan pension due to work injuries (IMSS)	(Pensiones de orfandad por riesgos de trabajo). Monthly cash benefits to orphans (up to age 16, and age 25 if studying) of an insured worker who dies as a result of a work accident. <i>Since 2009 orphan's pension that are accompanied with a widow(er)s pension are only considered to be widow (er)s pension due to work injuries.</i>
484.10.2.1.2.1 Survivors deposit reimbursement (FOVISSSTE)	(Devolución de depósitos a familiares por fallecimiento). Survivor payment, including the one-off refund of the 5% deposits, as set out in the social security (government workers) legislation.
484.10.2.2.1.1 Help with funeral and burial expenditures (ISSFAM)	(Ayuda para gastos de sepelio) Financial support to military staff towards funeral and burial expenditures on the death of a spouse, father, mother, son or daughter.
484.10.2.2.1.2 Funeral payments (ISSFAM)	(Pagos de defunción). Cash benefit for survivors of military staff towards funeral and burial expenses. It is equivalent to four months of retirement wages plus any allowances being received at the time of death.
484.10.2.2.1.3 Funeral services (ISSSTE)	(Servicios Funerarios) Funeral support for federal employees and the population generally on death of a family member.
484.10.2.2.1.4 Funeral expenditures reimbursement (ISSSTE)	(Reposición de gastos de funeral) Cash benefit to help relatives of a pensioner to pay the funeral and burial expenditures, as set out in the social security (government workers) legislation.
3. INCAPACITY- RELATED BENEFITS (Disability, Occupational injury and disease, Sickness)	
484.10.3.1.1.1 Disability pensions (ISSSTE)	(Pensiones y jubilaciones) Cash benefits for insured workers who suffer physical or mental impairments through causes unrelated to their employment.
484.10.3.1.1.2 Military life insurance (ISSFAM)	(Seguros). Contributory cash benefit for military staff and their dependants, in case of total permanent disability or death. It includes the Institutional Insurance (ISSFAM) which started in 2001 and the Collective Retirement Insurance that comprises insurance and deposit reimbursement.
484.10.3.1.2.1 Disability occupational pension due to work injuries (permanent incapacity, IMSS)	(Incapacidad permanente, por riesgo de trabajo). Monthly cash benefits for insured workers disabled due to injuries at work.
484.10.3.1.2.2 Disability occupational pension due to work injuries (ISSSTE)	(Pensión por riesgo de trabajo). Monthly cash benefits to public servants or their dependants in respect of a work accident causing disability or death.
484.10.3.1.5.1 Non occupational accident or illness subsidies (ISSSTE)	(Subsidios por accidentes o enfermedades no profesionales) Benefits in cash and kind for temporarily laid-off workers who suffer a non-occupational accident or illness: payment of 50% of the worker's salary for 52 weeks.
484.10.3.2.3.1 Assistance to the disabled (DIF)	(Atención a Personas con Discapacidad y Prestación de Servicios en Centros de Rehabilitación). Benefits in cash and kind to disabled people: training, assessment and treatment through specialized medical consultations, occupational, speech and physical therapy, and prostheses. It also includes subsidies for local authorities and NGO to carry out projects.
4. HEALTH	
484.10.4.2.0.0 Public expenditure on health	See <i>OECD Health Statistics</i> .

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5. FAMILY		
484.10.5.1.3.1	Education, health and feeding national program (SEDESOL)	(Programa Nacional de Educación, Salud y Alimentación, PROGRESA) Cash benefits for families in rural communities living in poverty Bimonthly monetary support involves nutrition support for each family independent of size and composition, and education grants for children. Since 2001, it's called OPORTUNIDADES Human Development Program. Information delivered belongs to Federal Budget (includes operating costs) from Social Development, Education and Health Departments.
484.10.5.1.3.2	Nutritional Support Program (SEDESOL)	(Programa de Apoyo Alimentario) Cash benefits for families living in marginalized communities that are not included in the Oportunidades Program. The benefits are given in order to increase the nutritional intake of the targeted households. This program was initiated in 2004. Since 2010 the program is operated by OPORTUNIDADES Program.
484.10.5.1.3.3	Strategy for the protection of vulnerable families (Apoyos económicos temporales, DIF)	(Apoyos económicos temporales) Cash benefits for people in a temporary vulnerable condition (up to nine months).
484.10.5.2.1.1	Home-help services to children (DIF)	(Atención a Menores en Unidades Asistenciales) Housing, food and clothing support for infants (from newborn baby up to 5 years of age) and children up to 18 years of age.
484.10.5.2.1.2	Child day care institutions (ISSSTE)	(Atención a la infancia) Daycare services including food, cleaning, health, education and recreation while mothers are at work. The service is provided for working mothers with children aged between 60 days and 6 years. The benefit may also be granted to working fathers affiliated to the social security (government workers) scheme, widowers or divorced fathers with custody of children, and to recognized guardians.
484.10.5.2.1.3	Child day care institutions (IMSS)	(Seguro de Guarderías) Daycare services including food, cleaning, health, education and recreation while mothers are at work. The service is provided for working mothers affiliated to the social security with children aged between 43 days and 4 years. The benefit may also be granted to working fathers, affiliated to the social security, widowers or divorced with custody of children, and to recognized guardians.
484.10.5.2.1.4	Child day care institutions (SEDESOL)	(Programa de Estancias Infantiles para Madres Trabajadoras) The program grants monthly subsidies to families in order to partially cover the service provided by the SEDESOL Child Day Care Centers. This subsidy is given to the administrators of the Day Care Centers, who are also given a one time grant by the SEDESOL to help them set up their own Center. In this sense both the users and administrators of the program are beneficiaries. The program was initiated in 2007.
484.10.5.2.2.7	Strategy for the protection of vulnerable families	(Apoyos de atención especializada y en especie, DIF) Through this strategy people in need is granted with goods and services. They also are channeled to private institutions to be sheltered.
484.10.5.2.2.1	Food for families programme (DIF)	(Programa de Asistencia Social Alimentaria a Familias, PASAF) Food support for very poor families: 5kg of corn (maize) flour and 1kg of beans.
484.10.5.2.2.2	Food programme school breakfasts (DIF)	(Programa de Raciones Alimenticias Desayunos Escolares, PRA) Health and education support including food for schoolchildren, e.g. a carton of milk, a desert and a cookie.
484.10.5.2.2.3	Social Provision of Milk under Liconsa programme (SEDESOL)	(Programa de Abasto Social de Leche) Providing milk of high nutritional quality for children under 12 living in families with few resources.
484.10.5.2.2.4	Tortilla subsidy program (SEDESOL)	(Programa de Subsidio a la Tortilla) Food support for poor families: 1kg of tortillas (corn/maize-based food) per day. This program was cancelled in 2004.
484.10.5.2.2.5	Sports promotion (ISSSTE)	In 2005 it includes expenditures on cultural services that cannot be excluded.
484.10.5.2.26	Rural Supply Program (SEDESOL-DICONSA)	(Programa de Abasto Rural) Improving nutrition in rural areas through the provision of basic and complementary quality products. the Program ensures that products in these stores are sold at lower prices than in private establishments.
6. ACTIVE LABOUR MARKET PROGRAMMES		

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484.10.6.0.1.2	Temporary farm workers to Canada (STPS)	(Programa de trabajadores temporales a Canada). This programme facilitates temporary (agricultural) employment in in Canada. Workers must have completed military service, must have local certification that they are farm workers without land, provide birth and marriage certificates for themselves and family (or a free union certificate), be aged between 25 and 44 and in good health, and have at least five years' working experience.
484.10.6.0.6.1	Temporary employment program (SEDESOL)	(Programa de Empleo Temporal) Aimed at the unemployed and low-income workers (below the minimum wage), primarily in rural areas that are classified as high-priority areas on basis of poverty indicators.
484.10.6.0.7.1	Income Generating Options Program (SEDESOL)	(Opciones Productivas) The Program provides assistance to income-generating projects. This aid is given to viable, sustainable, income-generating projects run by individuals or groups and is granted in the form of subsidies rather than credits. In this sense an equal amount of the subsidy given must be reinvested into the project or be put in a savings account once the project gets going.
8. HOUSING		
484.10.8.2.2.1	Military housing fund reimbursement (FOVIMI)	(Devolucion del Fondo de la vivienda militar). On retirement military staff receives a payment equivalent to the monthly Federal Government contribution of 5%of their wages and allowances during active service.
484.10.8.2.2.2	Debt mortgage granting (INFONAVIT)	(Otorgamiento de Creditos Hipotecarios) Assists workers to buy houses; to build, repair and improve houses, and to repay debts..
484.10.8.2.2.3	Rural Housing Program (SEDESOL-FONHAPO)	The program provides subsidies to families in assets poverty that reside in rural localities with high and very high levels of exclusion, in order to construct, expand and improvetheir dwellings.
484.10.8.2.2.4	Worthy housing (SEDESOL)	(Vivienda Digna) Support to build a house and repair, reinforce or replace floors, walls and roofs. Communities and local councils schedule works, after obtaining pledges from the Fund for Municipal Social Infrastructure.
484.10.8.2.2.5	Social housing credit (FONHAPO)	(Otorgamiento de Créditos para Vivienda de Interés Social) To help families with few resources to build or improve housing. Primarily for self-employed workers and elderly people with dependents with earnings below 2.5 times the minimum wage. Interests on the loans are below the market rate, and are repayable over 6 to 13 years.
484.10.8.2.2.6	Support to Residents in Assets Poverty for the Regularization of Human Settlements (CORETT)	(Programa de Apoyo a los Vecindados en Condiciones de Pobreza Patrimonial para la Regularización de Asentamientos Humanos) Covers the expense of lot regularization though a subsidy given to residents living in irregular human settlements without the sufficient means to cover the cost of the administrative process. The programs' main executing agency is the Commission for Regularization of Land Tenure (CORETT). The program began operating in 2008.
484.10.8.2.2.7	Mortgages (FOVISSSTE)	(Otorgamiento de Créditos Hipotecarios). The housing fund of the social security (government workers) scheme grants loans to insured people to buy, build, repair and improve housing or pay off related debts. Recipients must have been in their jobs for more than 18 months, must not own other housing and must qualify on a points system based on economic dependents, service and salary level. Repayment terms are up to 30 years.
484.10.8.2.2.8	Mortgages (PEMEX)	(Otorgamiento de Créditos Hipotecarios) Cash benefits for active workers with a minimum of 3 years work experience in the PEMEX company.
484.10.8.2.2.9	Savings and Subsidy Program for Housing "Your House"	(Programa Tu Casa) To improve the living conditions of Mexican households living in assets poverty through housing actions. The Savings and Subsidy Program for Housing "Your House" began as the Savings and Subsidies Program for Progressive Housing ("ViVAh") under Sedesol between fiscal years 1998 and 2001; it was transferred to Fonhapo in fiscal year 2002. In 2003 Fonhapo changed the program name to Savings, Subsidies and Credit Program for Progressive Housing "Your House".
9. OTHER SOCIAL POLICY AREAS		
484.10.9.1.1.1	Children in solidarity (SEDESOL)	(Niños en solidaridad). Children receive the award subject to their economic circumstances and are chosen by their classmates at school. A food and cash package is handed over and each beneficiary receives permanent medical attention.

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484.10.9.1.1.2	Women in productive development (SEDESOL)	(Desarrollo Productivo de la Mujer). To promote women's organizations in rural communities, mainly for common projects of social interest. Aid for establishing mills, tortilla-making machines, farms, orchards, kitchens, bakeries, building latrines and drinking water systems, as well as housing improvement.
484.10.9.1.1.3	Agricultural day laborer programme (SEDESOL)	(Programa Nacional con Jornaleros Agrícolas). Funds are granted to farmers who cultivate basic crops in low-productivity soil and are not eligible for bank credits.
484.10.9.1.1.4	Social enterprises (SEDESOL)	(Empresas Sociales) Aimed at helping groups of producers in rural areas, formally organized with viable and sustainable productive projects, who are not eligible for bank loans Includes training in production, services and sales, and consultancy and technical advice for the project.
484.10.9.1.1.5	One's word credit (SEDESOL)	(Crédito a la palabra) Funds are granted to low-income farmers. They must not have more than 20 hectares of "rainy season" land under cultivation and not be eligible for bank credit. The payment stays in the community for work of common benefit or to promote local savings banks. The grant is MXN500.00 per hectare, for up to three hectares.
484.10.9.1.1.6	Direct support to agriculture (SAGARPA)	(Programa de Apoyos Directos al Campo, PROCAMPO). Income support for farmers. Monetary support per unit of land (hectare) with an eligible crop (corn/maize, beans, wheat, rice, sorghum, soy, cotton, cartamo and barley) or an ecological project endorsed by SEMARNAP. Farmers should have legal possession of the eligible land and be registered in PROCAMPO.
484.10.9.1.1.8	Salary tax credit	(Art. 115,116 of 2005 ITL) Employees with an income tax lower than the credit receive in cash the difference along with their salary. The rest of the workers that receive the credit are entitled to a reduction in their tax burden. The salary tax credit is paid by the employers who may credit it against their tax liabilities; the credit therefore represents a fiscal cost for the government.
484.10.9.1.2.1	Indigenous national institute (INI / CDI)	(Comisión Nacional para el Desarrollo de los Pueblos Indígenas) Since July 2003 the CDI has been created as a decentralized organism of the Federal Public Administration. The responsibilities of CDI are to orient, to coordinate and to evaluate the public actions for the integral and sustainable development of the towns and indigenous communities. CDI was preceded by The National Institute for Indigenous Populations which run different projects for the indigenous populations living in extreme poverty. Support has many forms: education, social welfare, product development, securing justice, basic social infrastructure, etc.
484.10.9.2.2.1	Community Social Service (SEDESOL)	(Servicio Social Comunitario). Grants to technical and professional students to perform career-related activities of social benefit. 480 hours of social service per semester is required.
484.10.9.2.2.2	Municipal Solidarity Funds (SEDESOL) *	(Fondos municipales de solidaridad). Aimed at supporting municipal infrastructure; coverage has been gradually widened. Resources are granted for public works to improve basic services (drinking water, sewage system, urban facilities, etc.).
484.10.9.2.2.3	Urban facilities(SEDESOL)	(Urbanización) Aimed at supporting municipal infrastructure: streets and pavements, public lighting. Operations agreed by municipalities in conjunction with social groups. Cancelled in 1997.
484.10.9.2.2.4	Electrification (SEDESOL) *	(Electrificación) Connecting houses to the electricity system. Financed by the Fund for Municipal Social Infrastructure.
484.10.9.2.2.5	Sewage (SEDESOL) *	(Alcantarillado) Supporting municipal infrastructure development: construction of the sewage system.
484.10.9.2.2.6	Drinkwater (SEDESOL) *	(Agua Potable) Supporting municipal infrastructure: construction, drinkwater systems.
484.10.9.2.2.8	Educational infrastructure (SEDESOL) *	(Infraestructura Educativa) Financial support towards building schools in rural and indigenous areas. .
484.10.9.2.2.9	Worthy hospital (SEDESOL)	This program focused on the construction and equipping of hospitals and their rehabilitation and expansion.
484.10.9.2.2.1	Worthy school (SEDESOL) *	(Escuela Digna) Fiancail support towards maintenance of school facilities and equipment, mainly in rural and indigenous areas.
484.10.9.2.2.1	Regional Development Program (SEDESOL)	(Programa para el Desarrollo de Zonas Prioritarias). The Program funds the implementation of projects to install basic infrastructure and services such as

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	potable water, drainage and sanitation (among others), as well as improvements to housing. Infrastructure projects are carried out in areas designated as Areas of Priority Attention due to their level of marginalization.
484.10.9.2.2.1 2	Habitat Program (SEDSOL) (Habitat) Promotes the implementation of social infrastructure projects and actions within marginalized urban areas that have a high concentration of households living in poverty. Financing from the federal government is complemented with state and municipal funds.
484.10.9.2.2.1 3	Program for the Development of Public Areas (SEDESOL) (Rescate de Espacios Públicos) Aimed at constructing and improving athletic spaces, plazas, gardens, parks, and other public areas, in order to promote community participation and public safety. The federal grants given depend on the type of project to which at least 50% of the total cost must come from the community itself.
484.10.5.2.2.7	Residential care for abandoned or abused children (DIF) (Atención Integral en Centros Asistenciales) Housing, food and clothing support for infants (from newborn baby up to 5 years of age) and children up to 18 years of age.
* These programmes have not all been cancelled; resources have been reallocated to the Federative States and Municipalities through Federal Contributions under Field 33 (Ramo 33) of the Federal Budget.	